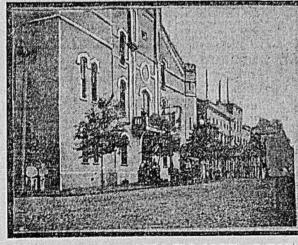
SUMMARY OF DAY'S NEWS

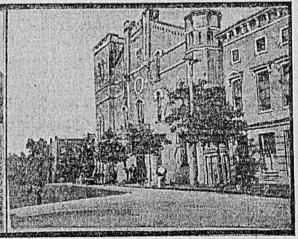
nfall carly yesterday made the day asant one. The air after dark was and damp. It is likely there will towers to-day.

TE OF THE THERMOMETER.

THE MAJESTY OF THE LAW WAS UPHELD YESTERDAY







WARLIKE SCENES AROUND THE REGIMENTAL ARMORY.

Wounding of Luther Wilcox in Rocketts.

REFUSED TO HALT WHEN CHALLENGED

He Was Accused of Shouting "Scab" at Motorman.

GEORGE C. WINN IS AGAIN ARRESTED

geant Easley Entered Against Him. Quiet Prevailed in Both East and West Ends Last Night. The Military Handled

will be appointed—King Peter of Servia receives a cordial message from the German Emperor—President Roosevelt replies to the cordial message from Emperor William.

IMPORTANT MEETING OF

STATE SCHOOL BOARD

Interest centers around the meeting of the new State Board of Education to be held to-day.

The most intersting matter to be disposed of will be the election of five members of the Library Board, which will in turn select a librarian to succeed Mr. W. W. Scott and take charge of the Commonwealth.

A number of prominent men are mentoned for the board, including Colones the Commonwealth.

The board will elect several county superintendents to fill vacancies, and also take up the question of extending the school book contracts now in force,

NO BOOKS KEPT AND

NO BOOKS KEPT AND
PACKAGES LIGHT WEIGHT

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 20.—In the Nellis seed cohtract suit before the Court of Claims an affidavit by Charles Kingsley, of Falis Church, Va., has been made public, alleging that A. C. Nellis, of New York, who had the contract for furnishing seed ready for distribution to the government, two years ago, directed that no books were to be kept and that the packages should be light weight.

COTTON GINS TO

START IN PORTO RICO

(By Associated Press.)

SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO, June 26.—Five cotton glass have arrived here from the United States and will be mamediatory in the United States and will be made and will

RELEASED

No More Arrests to Be Made for Wilmington Lynching.

ALL SALOONS WILL CLOSE

Not Yet Discontinued and Precautionary Measures Were Adopted. Negroes Largely Responsible.

during the last day or two where white men and boys were the aggressors.

There were no arrests made to-day in direct connection with the lynching and the police give no intimation that they contemplate making any such arrests. Prominent citizens had suggested to the police that further arrests for the burning of White would be inadvisable in view of the excitement and disorder caused by the arrest of Arthur Cornell, of Indiana, in connection with the lynching.

Cornell was released from custody after a lengthy hearing before Magistrate-George H. Hollis, for want of evidence. Warden A. S. Meserve, of the Newcastle county workhouse; Chief of Police Black and State Detective Theodore Francis testified they saw Cornell in the front-rants of the mob. In opposition to this members of the fraternal Order of Eagles, of which Cornell is a member, testified that Cornell was at the carnival given by the Eagles, and that he did not get back to Wilmington until after midnight.

Wilming Cramer, the colored man, who was shot last night, died to-day. Cramer was shot by William Simms, a man of his own color. Simms was held without ball to await the action of the coroner.

The courts acted promptly on several cases growing out of last night's disturbances, and several of those under arrest were fined and imprisoned.

MR. SMITH'S REPLY IS MADE PUBLIC

PHILADELPHIA. Press.)
PHILADELPHIA. PA., June 26.—
Charles Emory Smith, who was succeeded as Postmaster-General by Mr. Payne made public to-day his reply to the charges made by Mr. Tulloch in connection with the postofice investigation.

KISSING AND HUGGING

Missed Train.

THEY SUE THE RAILROAD BODIES WERE RIDDLED

Enough-Though the Conductor Shouted All Aboard They Still

SMITH'S STATEMENT WILL BE MADE PUBLIC

(By Associated Press.)
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 26.—The last meeting of the Cabinet before the President's departure from Washington to-morrow was held to-day. Postmaster-General Payne was among the first to reach the Cabinet room. Shortly after the members had assembled former Postmaster-General Smith, who took breakfast with the President, was ushered into the Cabinet room.

the Cabinet room.

Upon leaving the White House, Mr. Smith said that his statement in response to the references to himself in the Bristow report would be given to the public to-morrow morning.

TROOPING OF COLORS ON KING'S BIRTHDAY

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, June 28.—King Edward's birthday was officially celebrated to-day in London and at all the home naval and military stations. The main function was the trooping of the colors on the Horse Guards' parade here, which the King attended on horseback. This was the first time he had ridden since his last illness. The parade ground presented a highly picturesque scene. Queen Alexandra and other members of the royal family were present.

present.

The King rode on the ground surrounded by a brill ant staff and an unusually large gathering of foreign military attaches.

Their Majesties returned to Buckingham Palace, heartly cheered by the crowds along the route.

LYNGHING COMPANY THINKS

Alleged Reason Young Ladles Three Negroes Strung Up at One Time In Georgia.

Did Their Work Speedily, and Then Quietly Dispersed-Crime Was Murder.

soon started by McKinney, Anette and McCoy putting out the lights. Just at this juncture Buillard appeared on the scene and commanded order. His interference was resented by the three negroes, who opened fire upon him with revolvers. Buillard fell mortally wounded and died Tuesday.

The negroes were arrested Monday and lodged in the jail at Newton. At their commitment trial it was proven that the shot that killed Buillard was fired by McKinney, and that Anette and McCoy also fared at him. The negroes were remanded to jail to await trial at the next session of Baker Superior Court, and absolutely no talk of lynching was indulged in by clitzens.

It is the consensus of opinion that the

citizens.

It is the consensus of opinion that the work of the meb was largely due to the fact that Bullard's family is left in a sad condition, his wife being a hopeless invalid, and several small children ara dependent. The lynching was a great aurprise to the people of the county, as it was generally believed that the law would be allowed to take its course in their cases. their cases.

KING PETER OF SERVIA **GENERALLY RECOGNIZED** (By Associated Press.)

BELGRADE, SERVIA, June 28.—The German Emperor has sent King Peter a telegram couched in cordial terms, The Austrian inhister to-day resumed official relations with the Servian Government.
The King's reappointment of the ministry yesterday is regarded as equivalent to a notification that no punishment will be meted out to the assassins of King Alexander and Queen Draga.

WHOLE FAMILY OF

NEGROES WAS SHOT

Few Untoward Incidents Marred the Day.

STRIKE IS WANING Position Assumed at First

Entirely Changed.

MORE CARS ARE NOW IN OPERATION

The Scope is Being Gradually Exten Huff Was Unproductive-Other Notes.

any further attacks on cars.

Unproductive Intervew.

any further attacks on cars.

Unproductive intervew.

Great public interest was manifested in the report that much was expected of an interview between Mr. Samuel Stern and General Manager Huft, of the Passenger and Power Company, yesterday afternoon. The interview was had; that is all, It amounted to absolutely nothing in the direction of a settlement, further than a complete confirmation of the belief that there will be no settlement of the strike in the nature of a compromise or an effort at arbitration. The management of the company, it is stated, informed Mr. Stern that the company had no quarrel with its employes, who were at work and satisfied with their positions. From 100 to 150 men have been employed regularly to run the cars, and in any event these men will retain their positions if they desire to do so. As to the examployes of the company, said the general manager, they had discharged themselves by refusing to return to work when given due notice to do so. If they desired to return to the company they must do so as indivuduals, and may make application. These statements about define the attitude of the company and leave absolutely no hope of an adjustment of any other nature. It is said, unofficially, that the company has resolved to stand by its position and to run its cars if possible to do so.

No Sign of Yielding.

The men show no signs of yielding as

run its cars if possible to do so.

No Sign of Yielding.

The men show no signs of yielding as a body, and so far as known not one of the men in this city has applied to the company for work. At least one man, a conductor, has gone to work in other employment, and several have left the city temporarily. The meetings of the men are well attended and there are no signs of yielding by any word uttered there. On the contrary, nothing but determination is apparent.

There is good reason to believe that

JUDGE UNDER GUARD

FOR HIS PROTECTION

(By Associated Press.)

(By Carolia Caroling Interview Intervie

ACCUSED COME OUT **SPOTLESS**

Municipal Investigation a Flash in the Pan.

CAPT. CHAS. GASSER A FINE WITNESS

Was Perfectly Cool Under Long and Heavy Fire.

DAMAGING TESTIMONY AGAINST J. M. KING

Committee Reserved Its Decision, but Committeemen-King In-

old man Woody. I fold him that if what he said was true, it not only ought to be proved, but the guilty ought to be pun-ished. "Then Gasser said: How are you going to prove it? The transactions were all

cash."
"He asked me later not to say anything about it, but said he would like to tell Colonel Cutshaw about it.
"He said something about getting money out of jail contracts, but the details of this I do not recall."
After King was indicted witness said he had another conversation with Gasser, and the latter asked if it was true that they would get no more city contracts. Witness replied that he knew nothing of it.

they would get no more city contracts. Witness replied that he knew nothing of it.

Witness replied that he knew nothing of it.

Witness first communicated these conversations to Colonel Cutshaw. He had repeated the names called by Gasser in the presence of Colonel Cutshaw and Sergeant-at-Arms Ruskell and Mr. Pollock. Mr. Pollock made indignant denial, and sald there was nothing in it. Mr. Pollock said: "You will be a valuable witness before the grand jury. If these names should got in the newspapers it would ruin all of us."

"Captain Gasser did not say he had paid money to any of the gentlemen, but that it cost him money to get the contracts, and that these men were crooked." Witness said he had refused to tell Mr. Mills whether Gasser had mentioned his name or not. Mr. Tallaferro was now taken in hand by Chairman Minor. Weinbrunn he said, had kicked on the failure of contracts to be awarded, and Weinbrunn had said that he supposed John King and the other crooked Councilmen had held up the contracts.

None of the contractors had ever said they paid money to any one save King. Though they coupled the other ames mentioned as asing crooked. Here the witness filed the paper written at the tim of the conversation with Gasser, containing the names of the alleged crooked Councilment.

Mr. Mills now took witness in hand.

ing the names of the alleged croosed Councilmen.

Mr. Mills now took witness in hand, and asked had Mr. Tallaferro ever tried to verify Gasser's statement. To this he replied in the negative, and it reply to a question by Mr. Glenn, witness said he knew nothing to connect the Madison Ward Councilman with the affair. Witness admitted that all his testimony was based on hearesay statements.

Mr. Glenn got rather warm and he